



DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

THE ANNA KARENINA PRINCIPLE

IN DIABETES CARE

Dr. Dulmini Kariyawasam

Consultant Physician in Diabetes and
Endocrinology

FOR – Community Diabetologists have little role in the management of patients with diabetes

Dr Niru Goenka
Consultant Physician in Diabetes & Endocrinology
Countess of Chester NHS Foundation Trust



What defines a community location?

- ❖ A place that is not hospital? But where does “community” begin?.....





“Happy families are all alike; every unhappy family is unhappy in its own way.”

Leo Tolstoy

Anna Karenina-1877

The Anna Karenina Principle



- *“Successful projects all have common reasons for success; failed projects each fail in their own unique, spectacular way...”*
- *“All well adapted systems are alike, all non-adapted systems experience maladaptation in their own way...”*

Diamond, J. (March 1997): The Fates of Human Societies.

Integrated Care for 3 different members of diabetes family.....



1. Extended Family – Wider population with Diabetes
2. Anna's Sister-in Law "Dolly" - Complex diabetes patient
3. Anna's Children - Children and young adults with Diabetes

Integrated Care in Diabetes



- Understanding the population you are serving.
- Developing partnerships.
- Clearly defined roles, common aims and goals.
- Activated and informed patients.
- Capable health care professionals.
- Data sharing.
- A system that supports delivery of care that is suited to population, time and complexity.

Combined population – 600,000

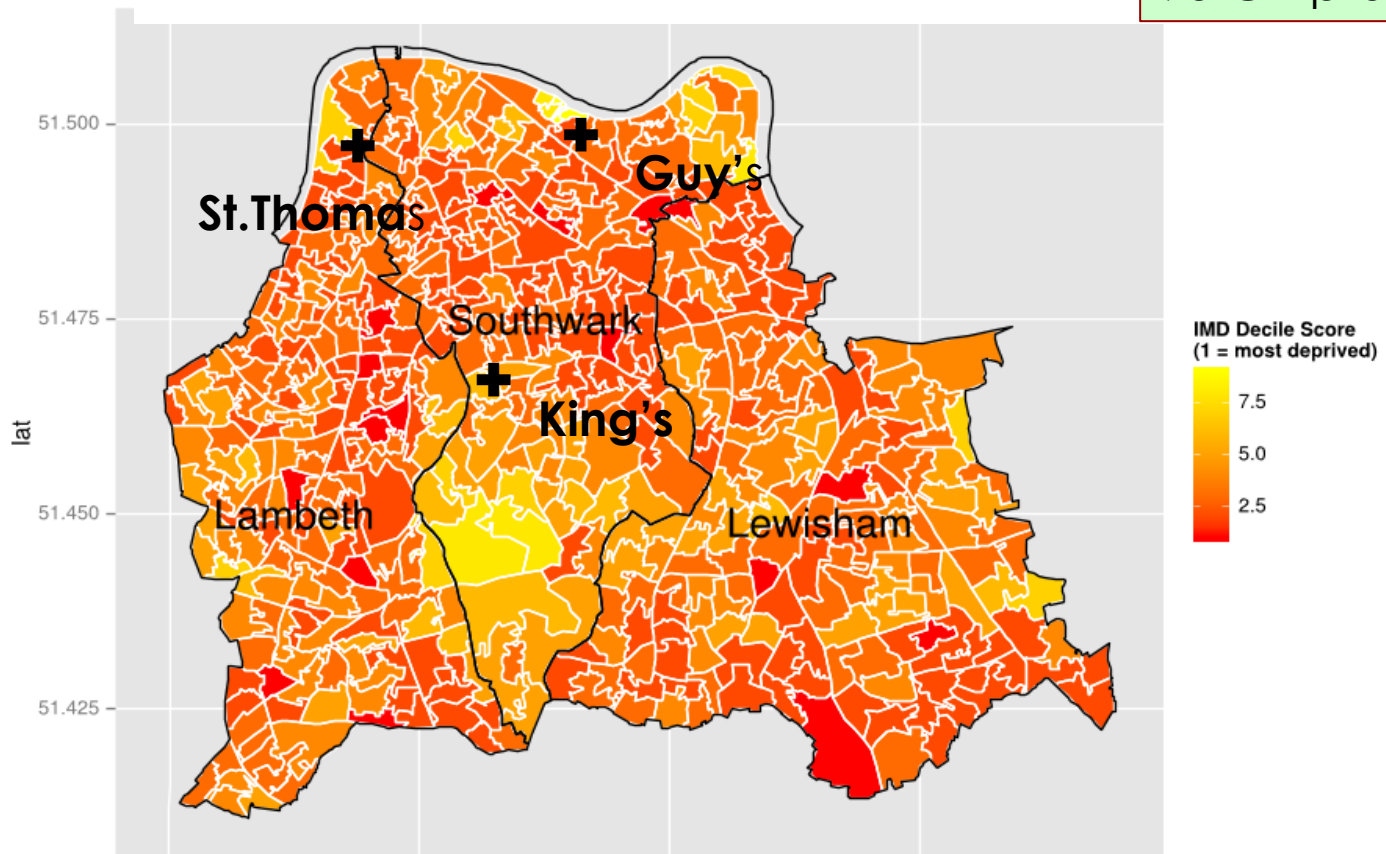
High turnover– 27% (approx 70,000 people per annum) – patients and staff

Over 150 spoken languages

Known diabetes population – 28,000

93 GP practices

KHP
KCH
GSTT
KCL
SLAM



Lambeth and Southwark QOF outcome:



Lambeth	2010/11
HbA1c 64mmol	26
BP 140/80	
Cholesterol	29
Southwark	
2010/11	
HbA1c 64mmol	15
BP 140/80	
Cholesterol	20
Total	31

Failing System...



- Lack of understanding of the population: no comprehensive registers.
- High turnover of staff.
- Care dependent on one individual.
- Variable expertise.
- Single handed practices.
- Duplication of work between secondary and primary care.
- Lack of data or no use of data.

living well with diabetes

www.dmi-diabetes.org.uk



**diabetes
modernisation
initiative**
living well with diabetes

Main Work streams;



- Developing a systematic approach to manage care of people with type 2 diabetes in primary care

Sharing data.

Effective incentives.

Systematic IT searches (EMIS).

Education: formal and informal.

Guidelines for diagnosis and treatment.

Improving access to specialist care.

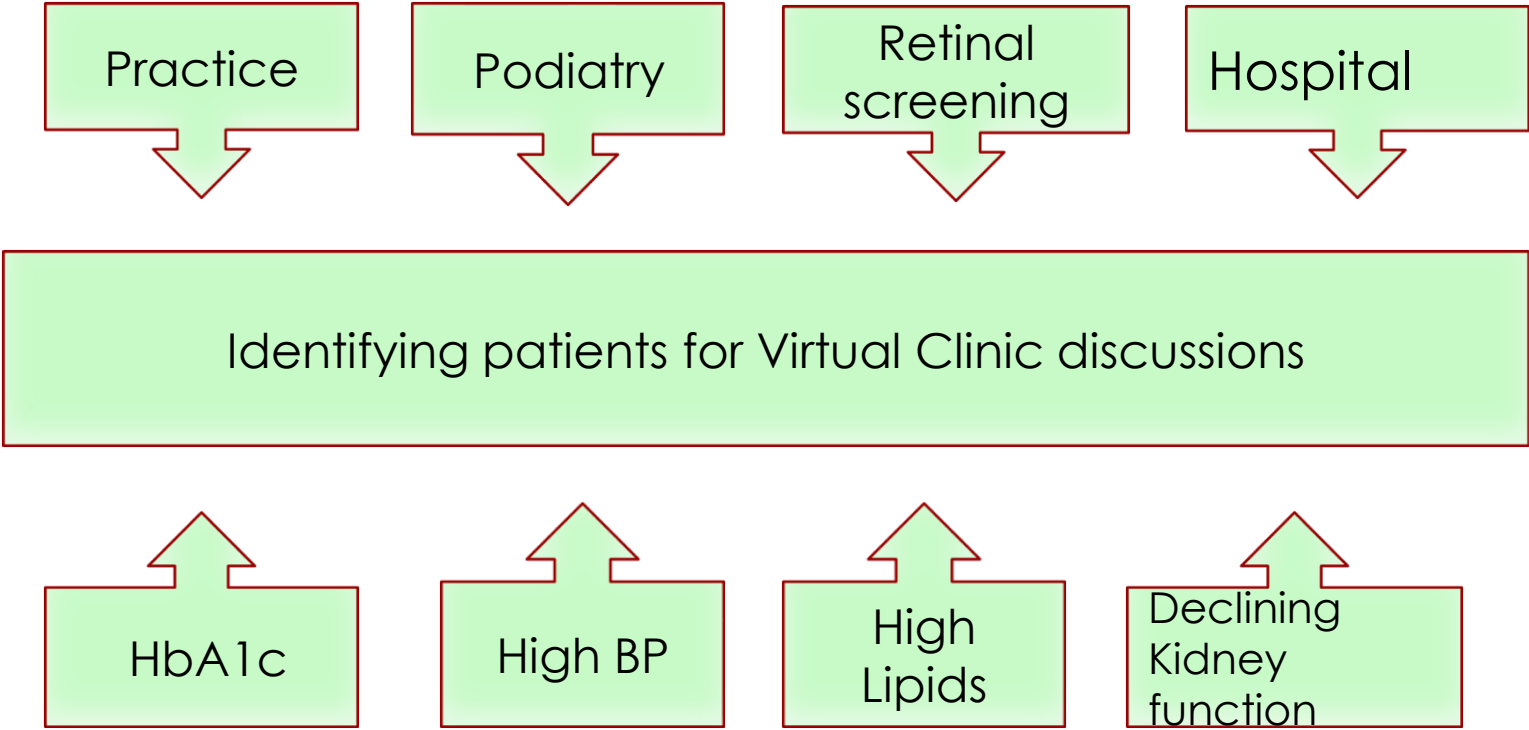
Clinical Leadership.

Intermediate Care Teams





Virtual Clinics



Virtual Clinics

Virtual clinics in practices

- Diabetes specialist nurse led VC every 3 monthly
- Consultant led clinics 6 monthly
- Advice given in practice
- Support practice to manage more complex patients

MDT Community
Clinics –Fewer
Referrals/Appropriate
referrals

MDT specialist
clinics-Appropriate
fewer referrals

Community Clinics

- 6 community Clinics /week.
- Multi-Professional clinics



Community Clinics



- Better access to specialist care.
- For “hard to reach” population – better engagement.
- Enable use of real estate in secondary care for complex multi-morbidity patients.

Tackling variability

New Guidelines

- New diagnosis guidance: shift to HbA1c from glucose based guidance two years ago.
- New guidelines - target and time driven.

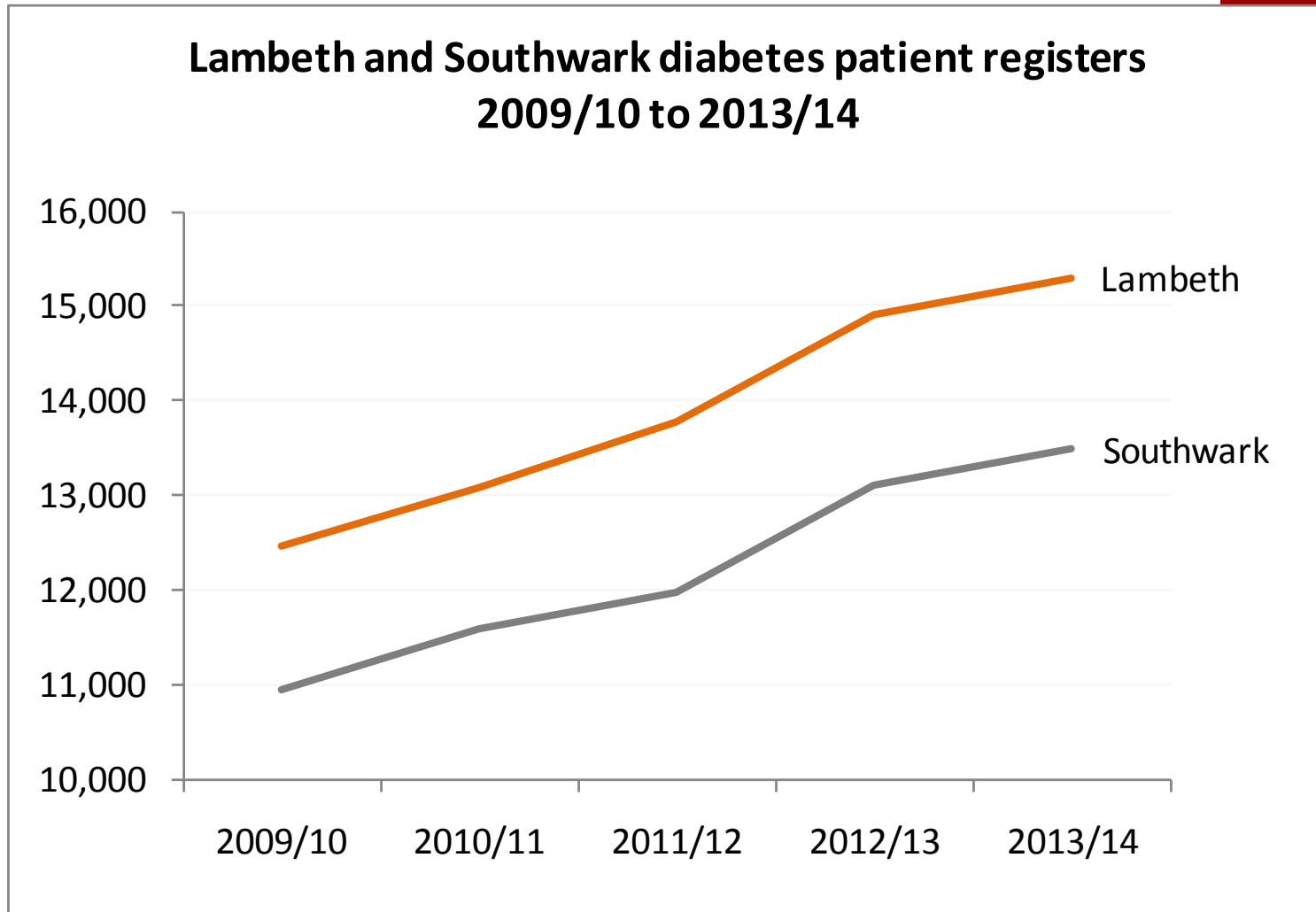
Education and training events

- Education events >100 primary care staff, regular diabetes events in GP protected learning time covering local priorities.
- “INFORM – insulin initiation and ongoing management” training for GPs and practice nurses: train about 60 a year (over 200 staff).

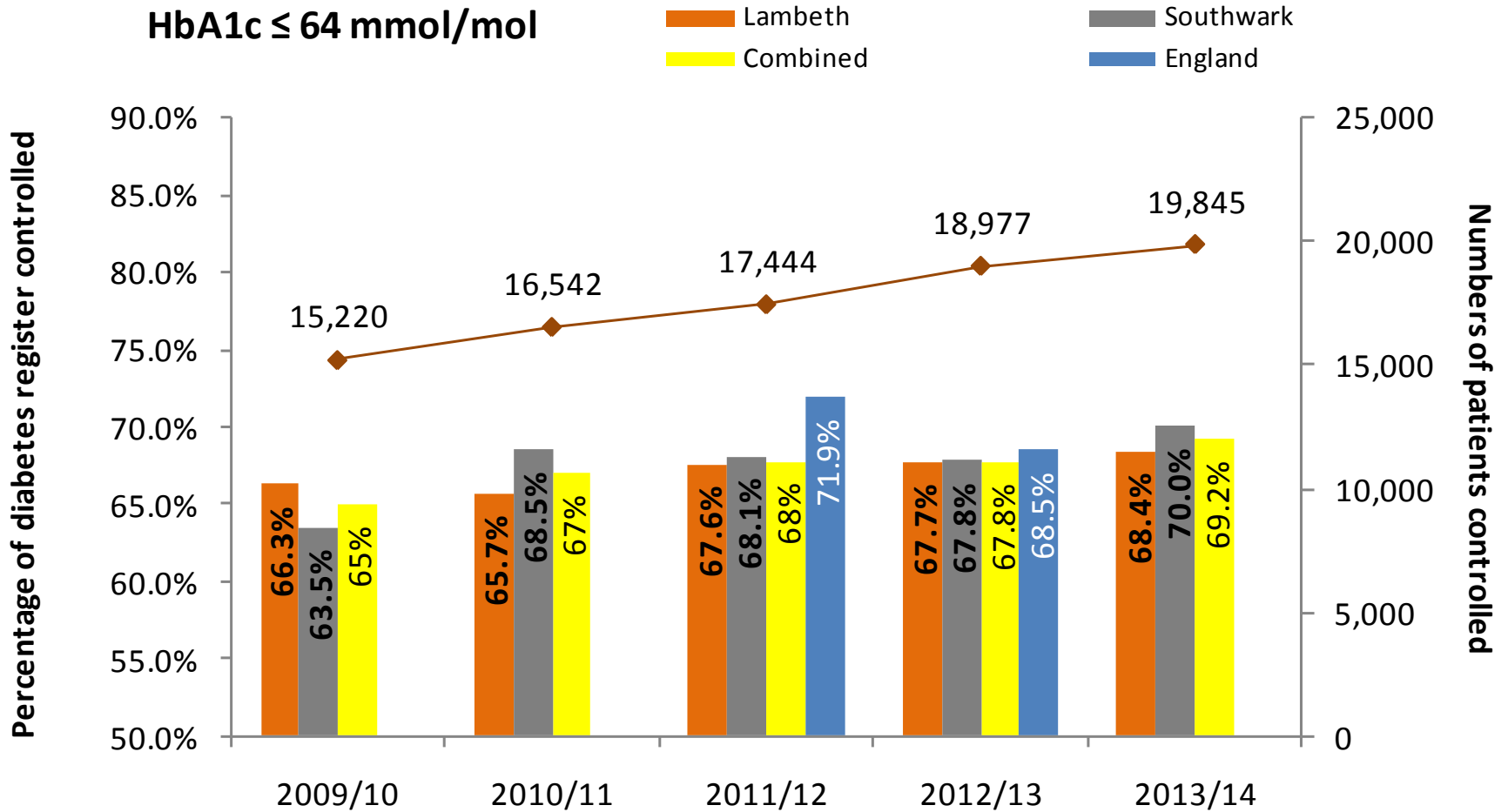
Enhanced support

- Enhanced support to specified practices- nurse working in practice; time limited with an exit plan.
- Telephone and email support.

Increasing numbers of people detected



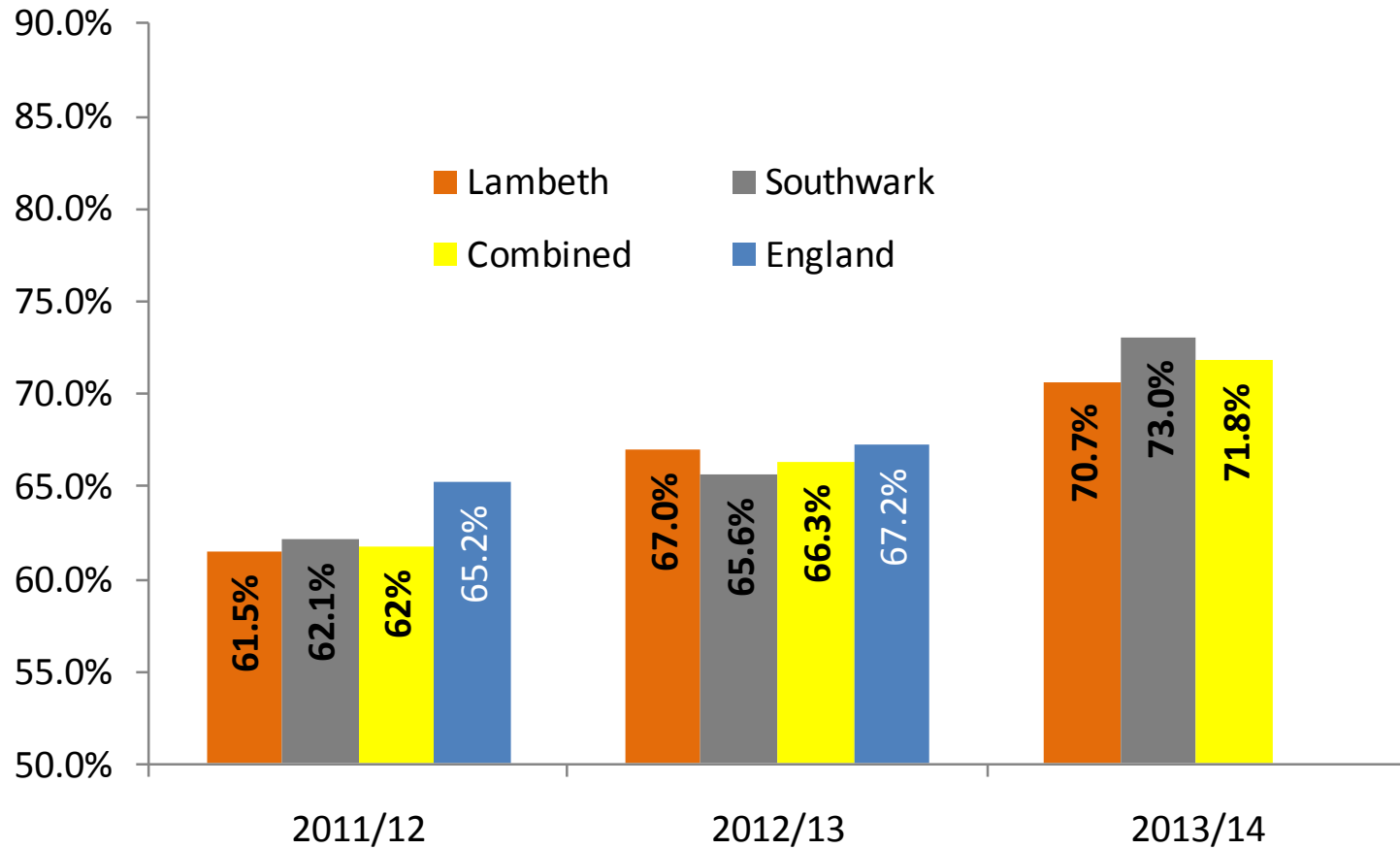
HbA1c ≤ 64 mmol/mol



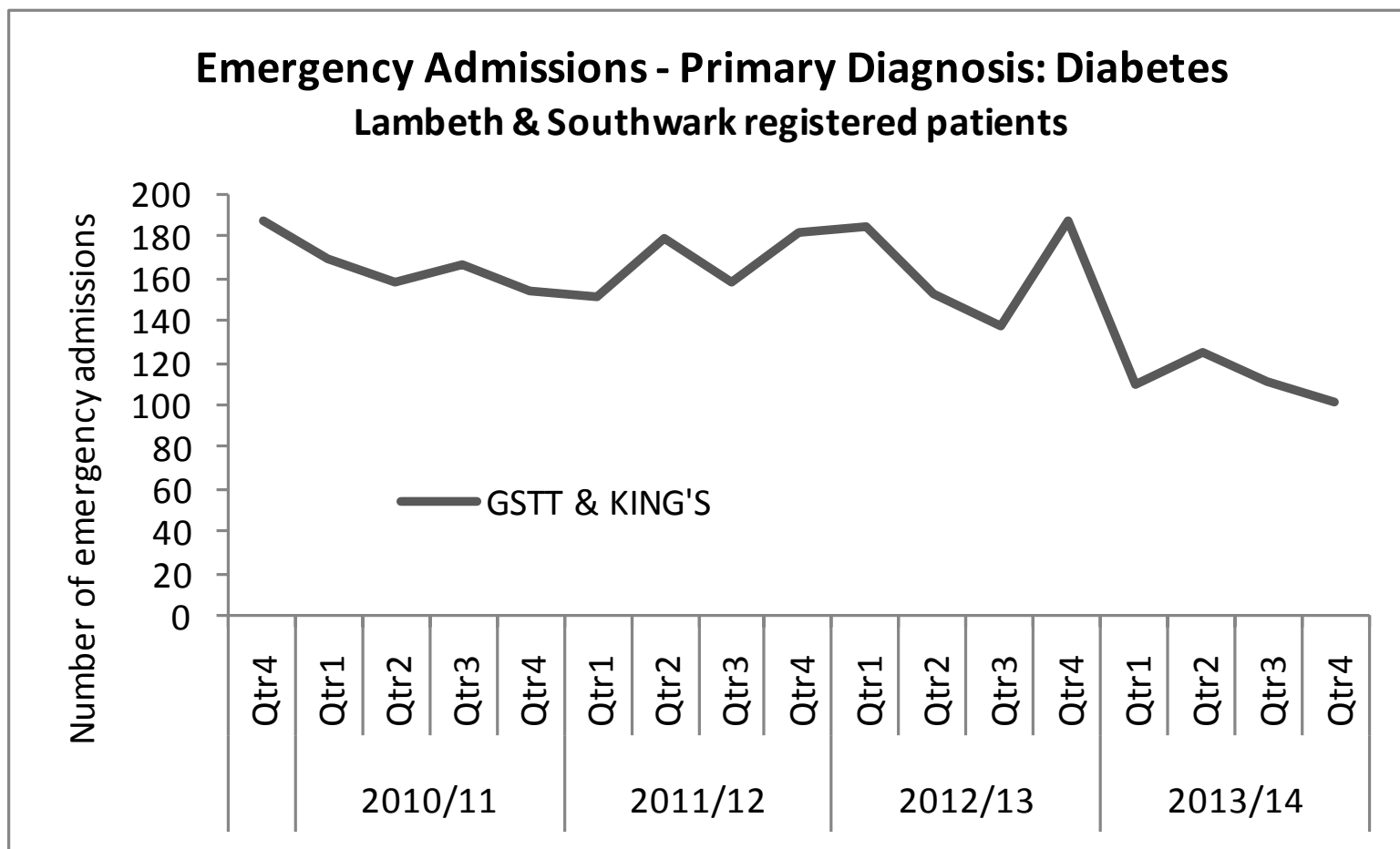
BP ≤ 140/80



BP ≤ 140/80mm Hg



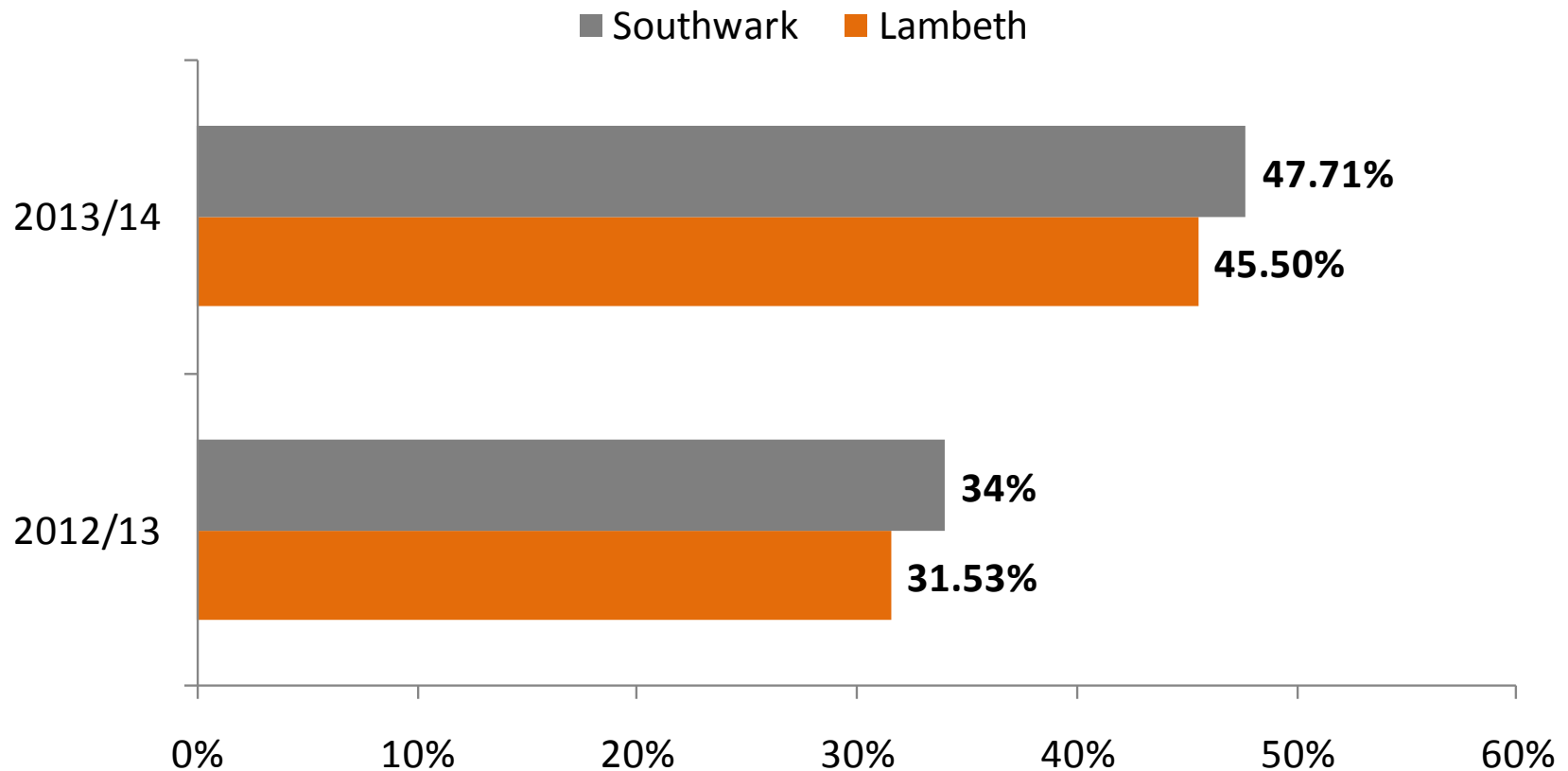
Emergency admissions



More people receiving Care Processes



Percentage of diabetes register receiving all 9 care processes



DIABETES

INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

Improving Specialist Care



i3-Diabetes is...

DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

A collaboration

- King's Health Partners, Novo Nordisk
- Specialist care, primary care

An information resource

- Database across KHP, primary care
- Academic, clinical, service improvement

Improving services

- Using data to identify & respond to risk
- Improving coordination of care & patient activation

www.i3diabetes.org.uk

i3-diabetes is a collaboration between King's Health Partners and Novo Nordisk funded by both organisations.

47 year old male – Type 2 diabetes

DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

- ESRF – on dialysis
- Proliferative retinopathy
- Peripheral vascular disease
- Hypertension
- BKA of right leg
- Toe amputation on left
- MI and heart failure

www.i3diabetes.org.uk

i3-diabetes is a collaboration between King's Health Partners and Novo Nordisk funded by both organisations.

Appointments in 2013:6 Months

- 22 Jan – Nephrology clinic
 - 14 Feb – A&E
 - 19 Feb – Diabetes specialist nurse
 - 20 Feb – Diabetes clinic
 - 26 Feb – A&E
 - 5 March – A&E
 - 7 March – Cardiology clinic
 - 19 March – Diabetes clinic
 - 28 March – Gastroenterology clinic
 - 15 April – A&E (Admitted to Victoria ward)
 - 23 April – Nephrology clinic
 - 25 April – Gastroenterology clinic
 - 30 April – Dietician, Diabetes
 - 8 May – A&E, Diabetes clinic
 - 13 May – Endoscopy suite
 - 24 May – Ophthalmology clinic
 - 6 June – cardiology clinic
-
- Foot health clinic appointments every few weeks
 - 2 X prolonged hospital admissions for vascular surgery and foot ulcers
 - Dialysis unit 3 times a week.

DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

32 year old female- Type 1 diabetes

DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

- Diagnosed at age of 11
- Guy's and St Thomas' from 2005

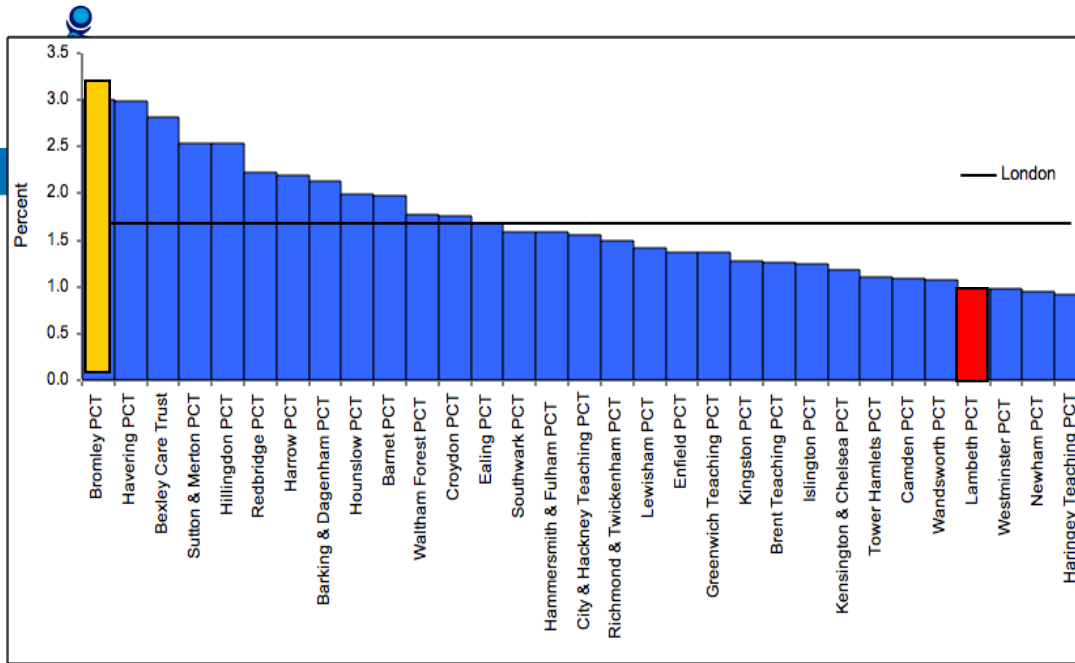
- 2005 -2006 - Poor diabetes control/Review by DSN 3 times/
High BP/High cholesterol/ laser treatment
- 2007 Feb - Nurse and Doctor follow up – poor glycaemic
control- 6 month review
- 2007 Oct - Rearranged by hospital
- 2007 Nov - Rearranged by hospital
- 2008 Oct - High BP, 2 plus protein
- 2009 Aug – DAFNE Nephrotic range protein/renal referral
» ACE-1/ ARB/ Statin/BP control and review every
2 months

Jan 2010 – Kidney biopsy- Diabetic Nephropathy

- 10th Nov 2010 - Re-arranged
- 17th Nov 2010 - Cancelled by hospital
- 20th Nov-2010 - Cancelled by hospital
- 24th Nov 2010 - Rearranged by hospital

Feb 2011- Reviewed Consultant- PCR- 774g/mol/Cr -102
and eGFR- 56

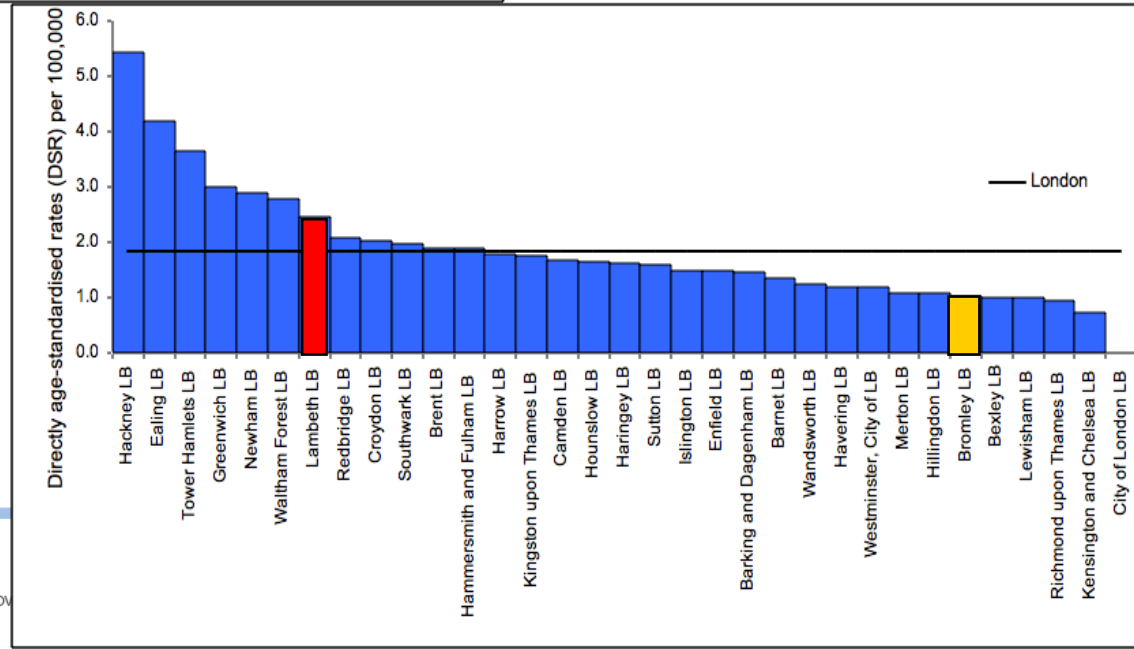
- May 2011 – DNA
- Aug 2011 - DNA
- Sept 2011 – Admitted to local hospital with
– creatinine of 250,eGFR 20ml/min
- Currently waiting Kidney-Pancreas transplant/on PD



Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in persons (18+) 2006-2007

DIABETES
 INVESTIGATE
 INNOVATE
 INTEGRATE

Mortality from chronic renal failure in persons (all ages) 2004-2006



www.i3diabetes.org.uk

i3-diabetes is a collaboration between King's Health Partners and Novartis



Trajectory of a PwD down the co-morbidity curve

(combination of KCH/GSTT average pathway costs)

Maintaining
OP Stable: £399



OP Core Complex: £2,212

OP Foot Complex: £9,175

OP Renal Complex: £4,925

IP Complex: £8,050

IP Foot Complex: £33,340

IP Renal Complex £26,351

Rolling down the expensive slope
of complications could cost up to
£84,052

The equivalent to maintaining at **211**
PwD at OP Stable for £399 each



Total £84,052

www.i3diabetes.org.uk

i3-diabetes is a collaboration between King's Health Partners and Novo Nordisk funded by both organisations.

Why stratify risk?

DIABETES

INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

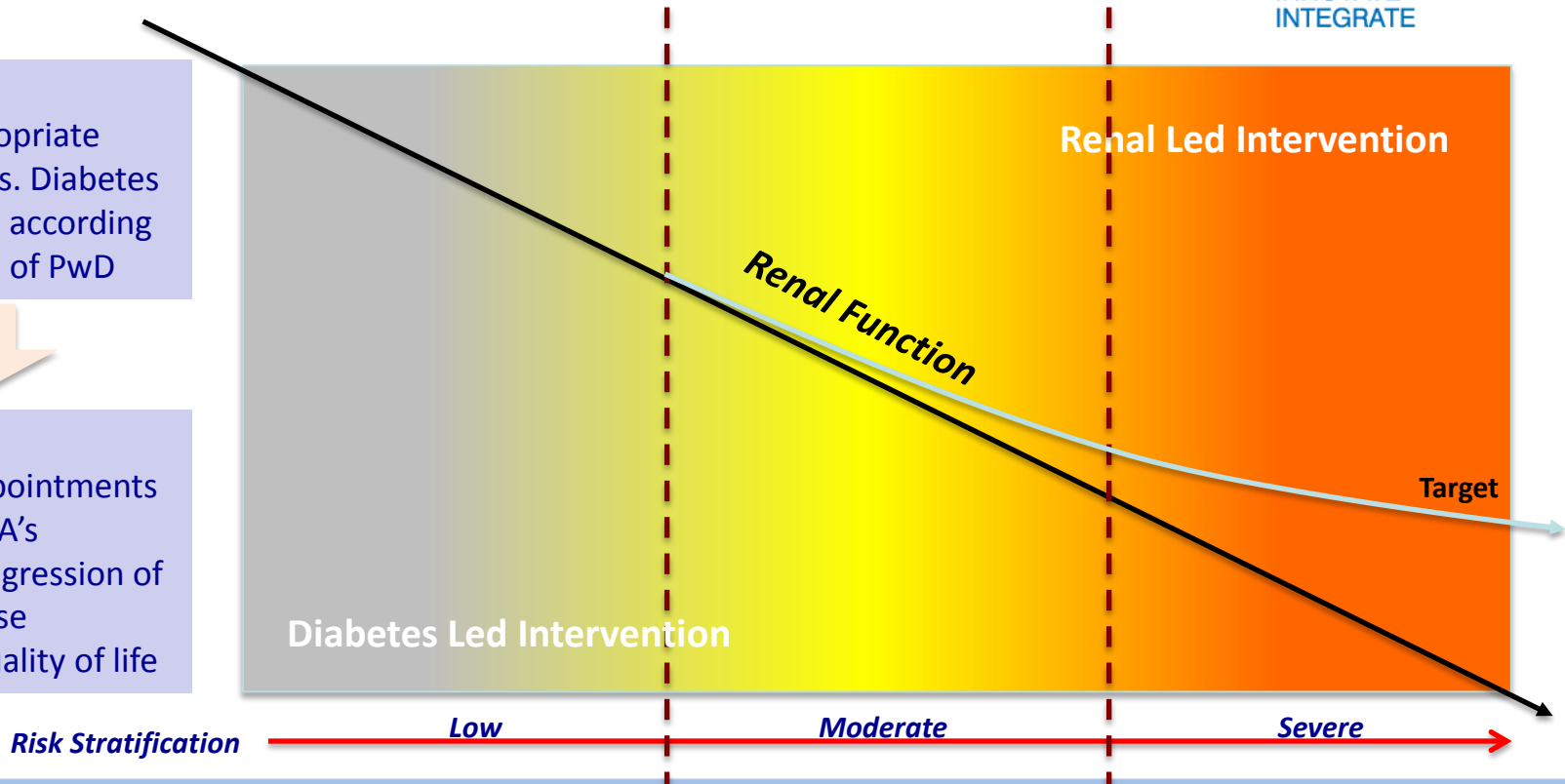
Rationale

Apply the appropriate level of Renal vs. Diabetes led clinical care according to stratification of PwD



Outputs

- Reduce appointments
- Reduce DNA's
- Reduce progression of renal disease
- Improve quality of life



www.i3diabetes.org.uk

i3-diabetes is a collaboration between King's Health Partners and Novo Nordisk funded by both organisations.

Young adult with Diabetes –Stepping Stone for Diabetes Self Care

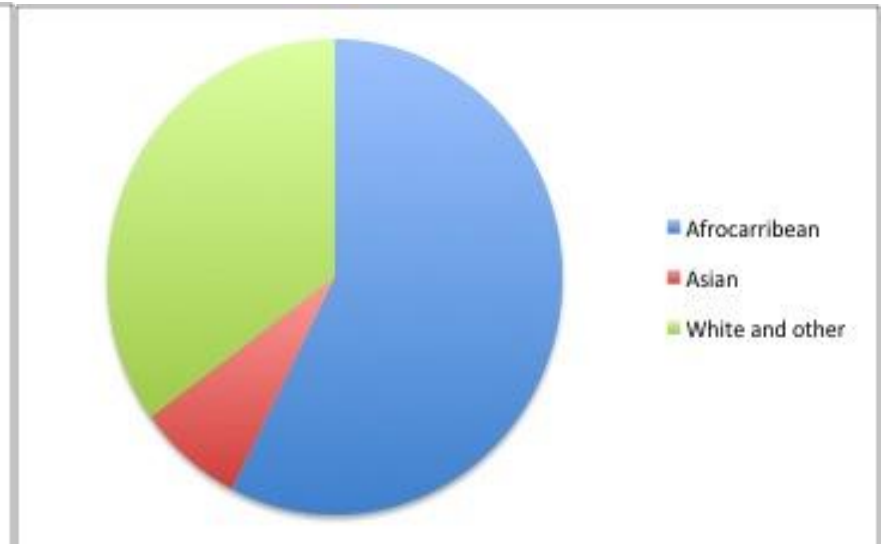
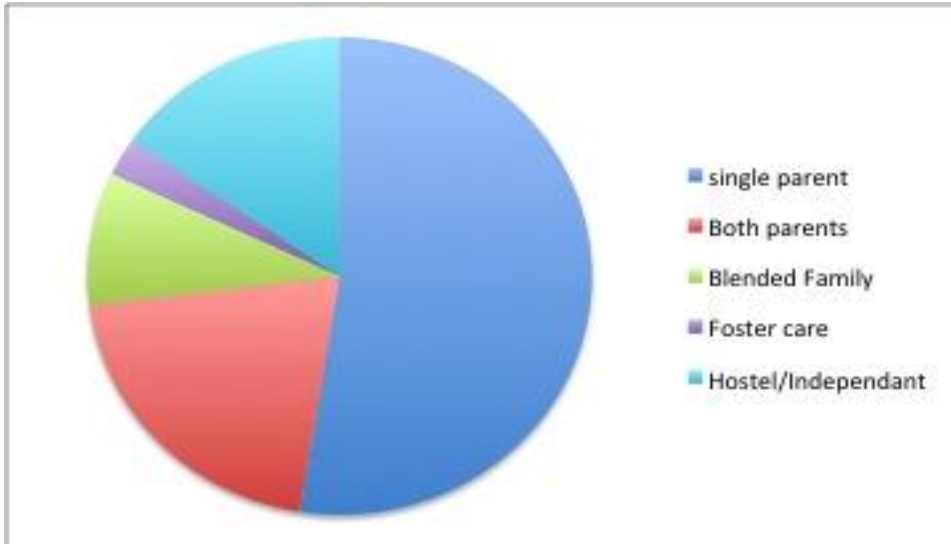


Population

- Number of patients between 14-21
 - Lambeth -94 patients
 - Southwark - 105 patients
- GSTT Young adult clinic- n=79

Social Situation

Ethnicity



Baseline Characteristics



Total number of patients	79
Male/Female	49.2/50.8%
Type 1/Type 2	82.6/17.3%
Mean age (yrs)	20
HbA1c (mean %)	9.9 (6.2-15.8)
Weight (mean kg)	76.9 (49-149)



Psychological issues

- Psychological screening offered routinely to 73%(n=30)
- 51%(n=21) needed ongoing intervention.

Engagement

- attended 5/9 appointments in 12 months
- 61% (n=25) attended > 50% of appointments.
- 26% (n=11) DNA > 50% of appointments.
- 70/79 attended at least for one year



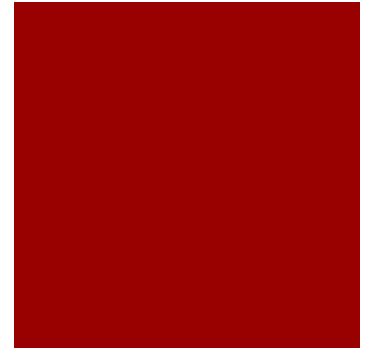
Use the skills of a youth worker to engage and support the most vulnerable cohort of young people and thus retain them in treatment.

2010 NHS Innovation Award – to develop a “One-stop Shop” for adolescents to improve access to healthcare and youth work support.

Improved Engagement

- Youth worker –Engagement of hard to reach patients and working as a conduit between health care providers and young persons/families.
- Innovative approaches to engaging young people(using Skype other social media).
- Community outreach clinics.

CO-Design Services



Stepping Stone for Diabetes Self Management



- What the week offers
 - Type 1 diabetes basic knowledge.
 - Introduction to CHO counting.
 - General health and diabetes: Sex education/dental/podiatry/psychological issues/social worker
 - Friends and family and peer support day with patients who have diabetes.
 - Crises management.
- Simulation Centre day
 - Aims: Experiential learning and practice what they learnt throughout the week in a safe and simulated environment.

Simulation day components:

Basic Life support Skills.

Age Simulation.

Management of hypoglycaemia

Sick day rules.

DKA management in a hospital.

Consultation station: exploring compliance.





I found it very useful and interesting, I really loved it, I would do it all again.

I really really enjoyed the acting part of this program, it was sooo much fun, I've learnt so much more about diabetes, and ~~the~~ ~~it~~ it made me realize how ~~the~~ the nurses, doctors and how my mum would feel if they ~~sp~~ had to deal with a diabetes patient - something which I've always took for granted and never really have put into consideration.

It was really helpful practicing on the mannequins like it was a real life situation. The asems gave us insight into how ~~the~~ you would feel being old. The hypo situation & hyper dKA, clinic related to me a lot and made me realize how it feels like being an outsider.

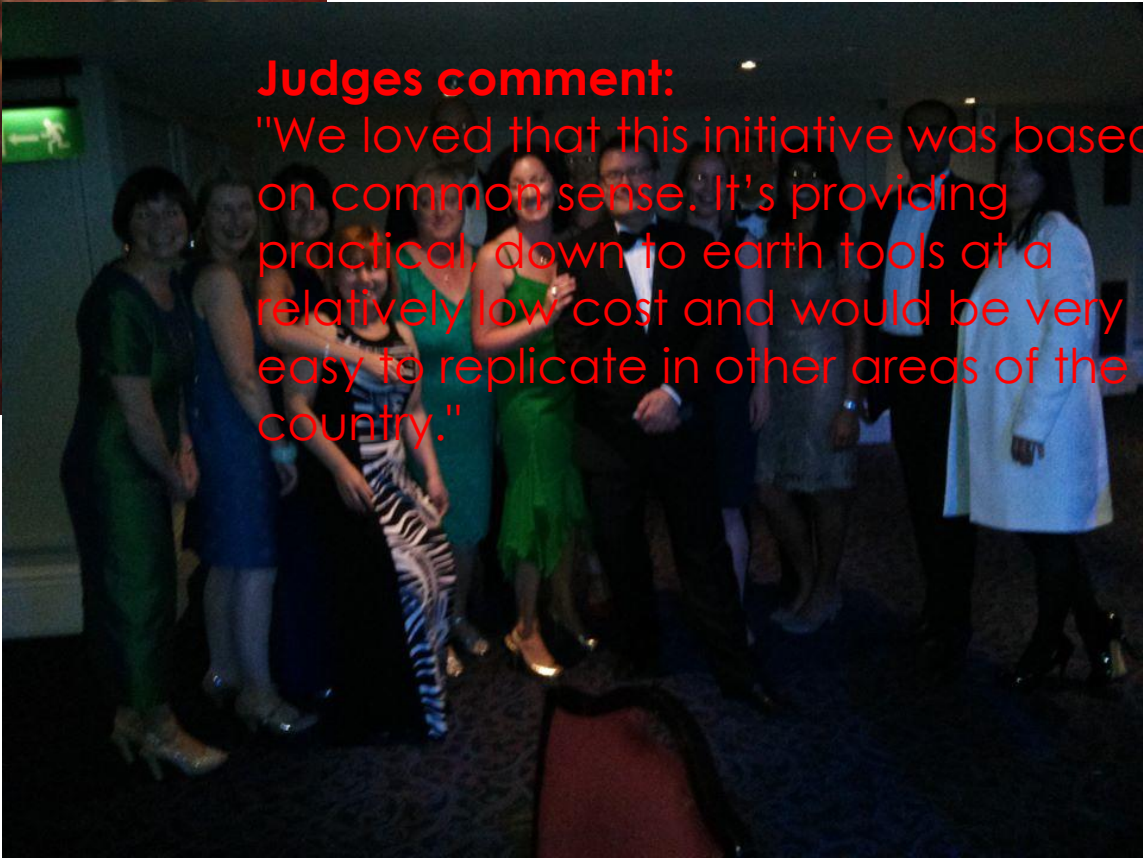
3. What part of the day did you find LEAST INTERESTING and relevant to you? (you can choose more than one answer)



National positive practice in Mental health award -finalist



FINALIST



Judges comment:

"We loved that this initiative was based on common sense. It's providing practical down to earth tools at a relatively low cost and would be very easy to replicate in other areas of the country."

QiC Diabetes 2014 Results
WINNER
A systematic approach to management of diabetes in primary care

Integrated Care in Diabetes



“Happy families are all alike; every unhappy family is unhappy in its own way.”

Leo Tolstoy

Anna Karenina-1877

Biological outcomes: From then to now.....



Lambeth	2010/11
HbA1c 64mmol	26
BP 140/80	
Cholesterol	29
<hr/>	
Southwark	2010/11
HbA1c 64mmol	15
BP 140/80	
Cholesterol	20
<hr/>	
Total	31

- 2013/14 rankings against 2012/13 QOF

Thank you

- **Acknowledgments:**

Prof. Stephanie Amiel, RD Lawrence Professor of Medicine

Dr. David Hopkins, Clinical Director, King's College Hospital

Dr. Stephen Thomas, Clinical Director, Guy's and St.Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust

Jane Stopher, Director DMI

Siobhan Pender, DSN in Children and Young people

Stephanie Singham, Diabetes psychotherapist

Dr. Anna Brackenridge Consultant, Guy's and St.Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust

Dr. Mark Chamley; GP Lead, Lambeth Diabetes Intermediate Care Team

GSTT Charity





DIABETES
INVESTIGATE
INNOVATE
INTEGRATE

THE ANNA KARENINA PRINCIPLE

IN DIABETES CARE

Dr. Dulmini Kariyawasam

Consultant Physician in Diabetes and Endocrinology